

Introduction to Latin, Second Edition

By Susan C. Shelmerdine ISBN: (978-1-58510-390-4)

Chapter 13

Nouns

epistula, epistulae <i>f.</i>	letter
*fīnis, fīnis <i>m.</i>	end; border; (pl.) boundary, territory
*mōns, montis <i>m.</i>	mountain
*nāvis, nāvis <i>f.</i>	ship
Rōma, Rōmae <i>f.</i>	Rome
uxor, uxōris <i>f.</i>	wife

Verbs

accipiō, accipere, accēpī, acceptus	to receive
currō, currere, cucurrī, cursūrus	to run
concurrō, concurrere, concucurrī, concursūrus	to charge, rush together, clash
discō, discere, didicī	to learn
incolō, incolere, incoluī	to inhabit, to live in
inveniō, invenīre, invēnī, inventus	to find; discover, invent
pōnō, pōnere, posuī, positus	to put, place
spectō, spectāre, spectāvī, spectātus	to watch, look at
vertō, vertere, vertī, versus	to turn, turn around; destroy; change
vincō, vincere, vīcī, victus	to conquer; win

Adjectives

fessus, fessa, fessum	tired
medius, media, medium	middle; middle of (medium mare = “the middle of the sea”)
paucī, paucae, pauca (pl.)	few
reliquus, reliqua, reliquum	remaining, rest (of)

Adverbs

hodiē	today
ita	thus, so, in this way

Pronouns

quī, quae, quod	who, which, that <i>*also a subordinating conjunction</i>
suī, sibi, sē	himself, herself, itself, themselves

Coordinating Conjunction

nam (<i>sometimes used as a particle</i>)	for (= because); indeed, truly
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